

Table 13 presents similar data for oats. The bulk of this crop is consumed as feed for live stock and the table shows approximately how the remaining portion of the crop is disposed of, including: the quantities exported as grain, oatmeal and rolled oats; the quantity retained for seed; and the quantity milled for home consumption, representing chiefly oatmeal and rolled oats used for human food. The carry-over represents grain in the elevators, in farmers' hands, in transit, etc., and the balance is the quantity used in Canada for feeding to live stock, this amount being estimated at 317,442,000 bushels in 1932-33 and 260,531,000 bushels in 1933-34.

13.—Distribution of the Canadian Oat Crops, by crop years, 1932-33 and 1933-34.

Item.	Crop year ended July 31, 1933.	Crop year ended July 31, 1934.	Item.	Crop year ended July 31, 1933.	Crop year ended July 31, 1934.
	000 bush.	000 bush.		000 bush.	000 bush.
Carry-overs, Aug. 1, 1932 and Aug. 1, 1933.....	29,849	42,045	Exports as meal, etc.....	3,342	3,052
Gross production.....	391,561	307,478	Totals, exports.....	14,418	9,140
Grain not merchantable....	8,094	7,769	Retained as seed.....	33,822	34,327
Net production and carry-overs.....	413,316	341,754	Milled for home consumption.....	7,215	6,769
Imports.....	2,032	21	Carry-overs, July 31, 1933 and July 31, 1934.....	42,044	31,029
Available for distribution..	415,348	341,796	Balances for home consumption as grain.....	317,442	260,531
Exports as grain.....	11,076	6,088			

Per Capita Consumption of Wheat in Canada.—According to revised calculations, the average per capita consumption of wheat ground for human food in Canada during the ten years 1924 to 1933 was 4.3 bushels. The average range for the period was between 4.0 and 4.5 bushels. The average consumption in 1933 was estimated at 4.1 bushels. Details for the years 1919-27 were given at p. 241 of the 1929 Year Book, while annual estimates are published in the April number of the Monthly Bulletin of Agricultural Statistics.

Subsection 3.—Farm Live Stock and Poultry.

The growth of the live-stock and poultry industries in Canada from decade to decade is indicated in summary statistical form in Table 14, while some authoritative details will be found in the article "The Development of Agriculture in Canada", contributed by Dr. J. H. Grisdale to the 1921 Year Book, where it appears at pp. 202-210.

14.—Summary Statistics of the Numbers of Live Stock and Poultry on Farms in the Dominion of Canada, Censuses of 1871-1931.

Item.	1871.	1881.	1891.	1901.	1911.	1921. ²	1931.
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Horses.....	836,743	1,059,358	1,470,572	1,577,493	2,598,958	3,610,494	3,113,909
Cattle.....	2,624,290	3,433,989	4,120,586	5,576,451	6,526,083	8,519,484	7,973,031
Sheep.....	3,155,509	3,048,678	2,563,781	2,510,239	2,174,300	3,203,966	3,627,116
Swine.....	1,366,083	1,207,619	1,733,850	2,353,828	3,634,778	3,040,730	4,699,831
All poultry.....	-	-	14,105,102 ¹	17,922,658	31,793,261	50,325,248	65,184,689 ³
Hens and chickens..	-	-	12,696,701	16,651,337	29,773,457	48,021,647	61,277,229
Turkeys.....	-	-	458,306	584,569	863,182	1,096,721	2,223,197
Ducks.....	-	-	320,169	290,755	527,098	603,152	749,930
Geese.....	-	-	537,932	395,997	629,524	603,728	902,251
Hives of bees.....	144,791	-	199,288	189,986	180,372	185,530	215,349

¹ Includes 91,994 unspecified. ² Includes live stock elsewhere than on farms as follows: horses 158,742, cattle 149,995, sheep 3,499, swine 80,439, poultry 6,978,054, hives 37,425. ³ Includes 32,082 other poultry.